

## Applications of FIB coupled with SEM and TEM in geological materials

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In the last few years, we have been applying FIB techniques in parallel to TEM and SEM analyses to obtain information from the  $\mu\text{m}$  to the nm-scale in geological materials. In addition to the now well-known methods of TEM foil preparation, we have been using FIB techniques mainly for nanotomography and micromachining of materials. The nanotomography, conducted via FIB-SEM, has been applied in a number of studies, such as (i) 3D reconstruction of open grain and phase boundaries in rocks; (ii) 3D phase quantification and distribution of microstructures, such as symplectites, characterized by the complex intergrowth of two or more phases; (iii) 3D modeling of porosity and organic matter distribution in shales, a very fine grained rock that may potentially store oil and gas. Micromachining on the other hand has been used for the preparation of  $\mu\text{m}$  samples of single and polycrystals for ultrahigh pressure experiments in diamond anvil cells, and to cut mechanically anisotropic crystals that are not possible to cut and polish by standard methods.